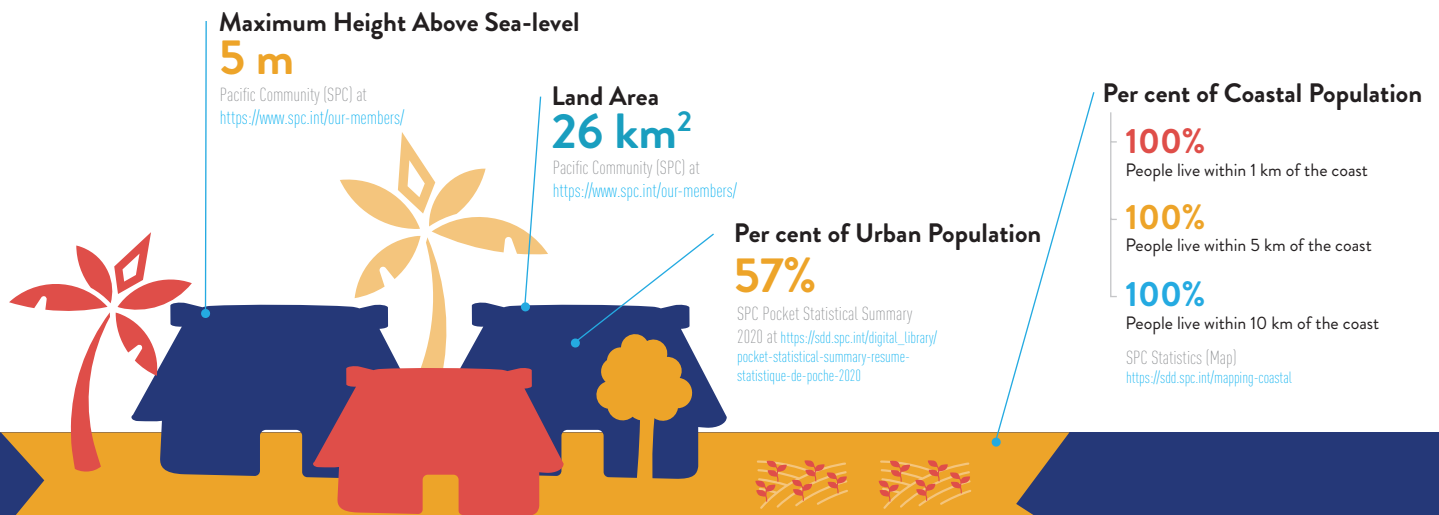


PACIFIC RISK PROFILE TUVALU



Basic Country Statistics



Total Population
(2020 Estimate)
10,577
persons



Total Male & Female Population
(2020 Estimate)

Male
5,437
persons or 51.40%

Female
5,140
persons or 48.60%

SPC Statistics (Population) at <https://sdd.spc.int/topic/population>

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per Capita

US\$4,223
(2019)

SPC Pocket Statistical Summary 2020 at https://sdd.spc.int/digital_library/pocket-statistical-summary-resume-statistique-de-poche-2020



Disability Prevalence

1.9%

UNESCAP (2019) Disability at a Glance at <https://www.unescap.org/publications/disability-glance-2019>

Women's Labour Force Participation Rate

51%

Women's Share of Wage Employment in the Non-agriculture Sector

43.5%

ADB (2016) Gender Statistics for the Pacific and Timor-Leste at <https://www.adb.org/publications/gender-statistics-pacific-and-timor-leste>

Per cent of Children, Youth and Elderly

Children (<14)
32%

Youth (15-24)
17%

Elderly (60+)
11%



Population Density
408 persons/km²

SPC Pocket Statistical Summary 2020 at https://sdd.spc.int/digital_library/pocket-statistical-summary-resume-statistique-de-poche-2020

Pacific Risk Profile is a snapshot of climate and disaster risk information that is collected from credible open data sources. It is intended to provide DFAT program managers and implementing partners with easy access to essential risk information. When employing risk information in specific program contexts, however, it is strongly encouraged to study the original risk information sources or even undertake proper risk assessments.

For more information or other technical support, you may contact the Australia Pacific Climate Partnership Support Unit at helpdesk@apclimatepartnership.com.au.

Published in July 2021

Hazard Likelihood



Landslide
Very Low Likelihood



Coastal Flood
High Likelihood



Wildfire
Very Low Likelihood



Tsunami
Medium Likelihood

Legend

 Very low  Medium
 Low  High

ThinkHazard! at <https://thinkhazard.org/en/report/252-tuvalu>

Major Disasters 2011-2020

Per cent of Disaster Type
(Major Disasters 2011-2020)



Total Population Affected



Number of Major
Cyclones in 2011-2020



EM-DAT Database (February 2021) at <https://www.emdat.be/>

Economic Loss Due to Disasters

Total Average Annual Losses (AAL)

US\$1.68 million

UNESCAP (2020) The Disaster Riskscape across the Pacific Small Island Developing States at <https://www.unescap.org/sites/default/files/100-APDR-Subreport-Pacific-SIDS.pdf>

AAL as a Percentage of GDP

3.98%

UNESCAP (2020) The Disaster Riskscape across the Pacific Small Island Developing States

Risk Index

Climate Risk Index for 1999-2018

Between 1999 and 2018, **Tuvalu** was the **128th** country most affected by extreme weather events .

Global Climate Risk Index 2020 at <https://www.germanwatch.org/en/17307>

INFORM Covid-19 Risk



Tuvalu's risk level is high when assessing the potential humanitarian impacts of Covid-19 in combination with other pre-existing crisis risks.

INFORM Covid-19 Warning (beta version) at <https://drmkc.jrc.ec.europa.eu/inform-index/INFORM-Covid-19/INFORM-Covid-19-Warning-beta-version>

Climate Projection

Cyclone



Tropical cyclones are projected to be less frequent but more intense.

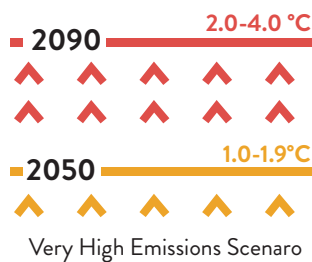
Rainfall



Wet and dry years will still occur as a result of natural variability. Extreme rainfall events are projected to become more frequent and more intense.

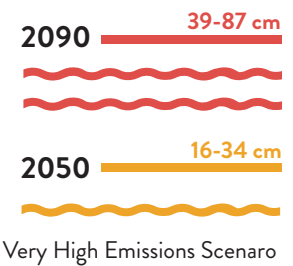
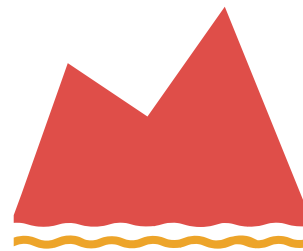
Temperature

Annual mean temperatures and extremely high daily temperatures will continue to rise.



Sea-level Rise

Sea level is expected to continue to rise



Ocean Acidification



Ocean acidification is expected to continue.

Coral Bleaching Risk



The risk of coral bleaching is expected to increase.

El Niño / La Niña



El Niño and La Niña events will continue to occur in the future.

In Funafuti, **El Niño** events tend to **bring wetter, warmer conditions** than normal, while **La Niña** events usually **bring drier, cooler than normal conditions**.